

Chapter 7

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- _____ 1. Peer pressure
- can be positive or negative.
 - is always negative.
 - is always positive.
 - can be rejected immediately.
- _____ 2. The surest way for a person to eliminate the risk of driving under the influence of alcohol is to
- have someone monitor his or her drinking.
 - know his or her limits.
 - not drink and drive.
 - drink only beer.
- _____ 3. An age group's influence on a person is called
- peer pressure.
 - implied consent.
 - inhibition.
 - nystagmus.
- _____ 4. The implied consent law
- allows parents to give their consent to a son or daughter to get a driver's license.
 - protects drivers who have secured the implied consent of the vehicle's owner.
 - helps authorities control alcohol-related driving problems.
 - protects police officers from false-arrest suits.
- _____ 5. A depressant drug
- speeds up the central nervous system.
 - improves the ability to make quick judgments.
 - slows down the central nervous system.
 - increases speed of reflex actions.
- _____ 6. One danger of a driver using amphetamines on a long trip is
- the drowsiness they cause once the immediate effect wears off.
 - the drowsiness they cause at first.
 - their depressant effect on the central nervous system.
 - an immediate physical and mental letdown.
- _____ 7. Alcohol begins to affect a person's abilities
- almost the moment it enters the body.
 - once it reaches the small intestine.
 - after it is digested.
 - once it reaches the stomach.

Name: _____

ID: A

- _____ 8. A person's inhibitions are
- restrictions imposed by laws.
 - behaviors of the highly intelligent.
 - inner forces of personality that hold back impulsive behavior.
 - unrestrained emotional behavior.
- _____ 9. How much alcohol does your body typically eliminate in an hour?
- Two ounces.
 - One and a half ounces.
 - One ounce.
 - One half ounce.
- _____ 10. A law that makes it illegal for persons under the age of 21 to drive with any amount of alcohol in their blood is
- the graduated-licensing law.
 - the no alcohol under 21 law.
 - the new drivers' law.
 - the zero tolerance law.
- _____ 11. To further reduce alcohol-related collisions, all states have now set the level of intoxication at a BAC of
- 1.1 percent.
 - 0.10 percent.
 - 1.0 percent.
 - 0.08 percent.
- _____ 12. The amount of alcohol in 1-1/2 ounces of whiskey or 5 ounces of wine is approximately equal to that in
- a six-pack of 12-ounce cans of beer.
 - two 12-ounce cans of beer.
 - three 12-ounce cans of beer.
 - one 12-ounce can of beer.
- _____ 13. What can happen if a driver is stopped on suspicion of DWI or DUI and refuses a BAC test?
- The driver's insurance rates will go down.
 - The driver's vehicle is towed to the police station.
 - The driver's license can be suspended or revoked.
 - The driver cannot be charged with any crime.
- _____ 14. Alcohol is
- a stimulant, not a depressant.
 - a hallucinogen.
 - an inhibitor, not a relaxant.
 - a depressant, not a stimulant.
- _____ 15. Implied consent means a driver
- obtains an instruction permit to drive.
 - drives if drinking is moderate.
 - agrees to be tested for blood alcohol concentration.
 - obtains a driver's license.

Name: _____

ID: A

- _____ 16. What is an example of a dram shop law?
- A person cannot drive with a BAC of 0.08 or greater.
 - A driver less than 21 years old cannot have a BAC of 0.02 or greater.
 - A person who serves alcohol to an intoxicated individual is liable for damages caused by that individual.
 - A person cannot sell drams to minors.
- _____ 17. What is the best advice to give to a social drinker planning to drive?
- Wait one hour and then drive.
 - Let a non-drinker drive.
 - Eat some food before driving.
 - Drive with extra care.
- _____ 18. Prescription drugs taken in combination with alcoholic beverages
- will tend to have their effects canceled by the effect of alcohol.
 - will cause trouble only if a person drinks excessively.
 - can be very dangerous, even fatal.
 - can cause trouble unless a licensed physician prescribed the drug.
- _____ 19. Drinking black coffee
- will start to sober you up within an hour.
 - will dilute the effects of alcohol.
 - and eating will sober you up quickly.
 - will not sober you up.
- _____ 20. The only sure way to reduce the body's BAC and the degree of impairment is to
- take a cold shower.
 - wait the necessary time the body needs to eliminate the alcohol.
 - handle a sudden emergency.
 - consume several cups of black coffee.
- _____ 21. What law requires a driver to automatically give consent to be tested for BAC if arrested on suspicion of DUI or DWI?
- alcohol-approval law
 - legal-alcohol-limit law
 - drinking-consent law
 - implied consent law
- _____ 22. Which of the following are stimulant drugs?
- barbiturates
 - antihistamines
 - amphetamines
 - alcohol
- _____ 23. Alcohol first affects a driver by
- distorting color perception.
 - improving the ability to judge distance.
 - decreasing reaction time.
 - impairing judgment and reason.

Name: _____

ID: A

- _____ 24. Impaired depth perception in drinking drivers causes
- drivers to perceive something as close when it is actually far away.
 - increased reflex action of the pupils of the eyes.
 - drivers to perceive something as far away when it is actually close.
 - blurred vision.
- _____ 25. If a large amount of alcohol is consumed over a short period of time,
- nothing abnormal occurs.
 - you will need days to sleep it off.
 - death can occur.
 - you will become an alcoholic.
- _____ 26. Peer education is a process in which young people help other young people
- understand the effects of drugs.
 - become group leaders.
 - learn how to be better listeners.
 - make decisions and determine goals.
- _____ 27. Which of the following statements is true regarding the effects of alcohol?
- The body needs time to offset the effects of alcohol.
 - Raw egg whites will absorb the alcohol in the stomach, thus halting the intoxicating effect.
 - Tomato juice will sober a person by absorbing and neutralizing the alcohol.
 - Inhaling pure oxygen will sober a person by restoring the oxygen balance.
- _____ 28. Alcohol is a
- drug.
 - medicine.
 - hallucinogen.
 - stimulant.
- _____ 29. People confronted with negative peer pressure often find it difficult to
- understand the consequences of decisions.
 - identify the negative side effects.
 - make decisions affecting only themselves.
 - say no without the fear of hurting others.
- _____ 30. What effect might a cold medicine have on a driver?
- drowsiness and poor judgment
 - no noticeable effect
 - a clearer head for driving
 - similar to taking a stimulant
- _____ 31. What do police measure to determine a person's level of intoxication?
- power of coordination
 - blood-pressure level
 - power of concentration
 - blood alcohol concentration (BAC) in the blood.

Name: _____

ID: A

- _____ 32. A person with a BAC of at least 0.08 percent can be charged with
- driving while drinking.
 - nothing, unless it's at least 0.10 percent.
 - driving in the possession of alcohol.
 - driving while intoxicated or impaired (DWI).
- _____ 33. Barbiturates can make a person
- alert and wide awake.
 - more aware.
 - jittery and hyperactive.
 - depressed and sleepy.
- _____ 34. When law enforcement officers in many states suspect a driver is DUI or DWI, they can give a series of on-the-spot, roadside checks known as a
- breathalyzer.
 - field sobriety test.
 - blood screening.
 - intoxilizer test.
- _____ 35. The breath-test machine most commonly used for determining BAC is
- a nystagmus machine.
 - an intoxilyzer machine.
 - a chemical-test machine.
 - a sobriety machine.
- _____ 36. At what rate does the average person's system oxidize alcohol?
- 2 drinks per hour
 - 3/4 of a drink per hour
 - 1-1/2 drinks per hour
 - 3 drinks per hour
- _____ 37. Alcoholism is
- on the decrease because of strict driving laws.
 - caused by a short-term use of alcohol.
 - a major problem in our society today.
 - not an addiction.
- _____ 38. The feeling known as euphoria is a common effect of alcohol. It gives a driver a false sense of
- limited abilities.
 - being sick.
 - well-being.
 - drunkenness.
- _____ 39. Which of the following is an important factor regarding alcohol and driving?
- After a while, drivers develop an immunity to the effects of alcohol.
 - After only one drink a person's total driving ability can be reduced.
 - It takes several drinks to affect driving ability.
 - Most people's driving ability improves after one or two drinks.

Name: _____

ID: A

- _____ 40. How can use of marijuana affect a driver's condition?
- The driver is more aware of things in the environment.
 - The driver's ability to judge distance is increased.
 - The driver's coordination and judgment are dangerously impaired for a long time.
 - The driver's ability to judge speed is better than usual.
- _____ 41. If a person takes a medicine and then drinks an alcoholic beverage, the chances are that the
- drug will cancel the alcohol effects.
 - alcohol will cancel the drug effects.
 - effects of both the drug and drink will be multiplied.
 - user will be more alert.
- _____ 42. What laws make it illegal to drive with a BAC of 0.08 or greater?
- illegal *per se* laws
 - implied consent laws
 - zero tolerance laws
 - dram shop laws
- _____ 43. Nystagmus refers to
- a breath-test machine.
 - the involuntary jerking of the eyes as a person gazes to the side.
 - the inability to walk without staggering.
 - a divided-attention test.
- _____ 44. All states require that before legally buying or consuming alcoholic beverages a person must
- be at least 18 years of age.
 - have a driver's license.
 - be at least 21 years of age.
 - be accompanied by an adult.
- _____ 45. The most accurate way to determine a person's level of intoxication is to
- watch the person drink for an hour and compare behavior before and after drinking.
 - see if the person can pass a coordination test.
 - look at the person's eyes to see if they are glassy.
 - determine the person's blood alcohol concentration (BAC).
- _____ 46. If you are unable to prevent a drinker from driving,
- wear your safety belt.
 - have the person drive slowly.
 - be ready to take control of the wheel.
 - refuse to ride with the person.
- _____ 47. When comparing the alcohol content of typical servings of beer, wine, and mixed drinks, there is
- much less alcohol in the beer.
 - much less alcohol in the wine.
 - much more alcohol in the mixed drink.
 - about the same amount of alcohol in each.

