Name	e:	Class: Date: ID: A	
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Спар	pter		
		Choice	
denti	fy the	e choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.	
	1.	 sinks rapidly beneath the surface. What should you do after unfastening safety belts? a. Try to get a full breath of air, move quickly to the area closest to the surface. Open the window or door. Climb out, and swim to the surface. b. Wait for the vehicle to right itself with wheels down. Use any tool to break a window, and swim to the surface. c. As the vehicle begins to fill with water, move to the air space remaining. Wait for rescue from the outside. 	le
		d. Grasp a door handle firmly. Open the door quickly, and swim to the surface.	
is .	2.	Your vehicle stalls on railroad tracks. It will not restart, all passengers have left it, and no train is coming. What do you do next? a. Turn on emergency flashers. b. Rock the vehicle. c. Walk in the direction from which a train might approach. d. Shift to NEUTRAL and push the vehicle off the tracks.	
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1/2:	5.	A left front tire blows out. Unless you control the vehicle, what will probably happen? a. You will slide in a straight line.	
		b. Your vehicle will pull toward the shoulder.	
		c. Your vehicle will pull to the left.	
		d. Your vehicle will sway from left to right.	
	4.	When a front wheel drops off the roadway, you should avoida. slowly getting off the roadway.b. braking and returning suddenly to the roadway.	
		c. checking for traffic.d. holding the steering wheel firmly.	
		d. Holding the secting wheel fitting.	
*	5.	 When you have a blowout, what should you do first? a. Grip the steering wheel firmly. b. Apply hard pressure to the brake. c. Quickly pull off the roadway. d. Quickly remove your foot from the accelerator. 	
-	6.	You entered a curve too fast, have braked gently, and are now halfway through the curve. You should accelerate moderately to	
		a. get out of the emergency quickly.	
		b. help reduce traction.	
		c. regain braking abilities.	
		d. help stabilize your vehicle.	

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	7.	Swerving should be a last-second emergency means of a. avoiding a collision. b. keeping from going off the roadway. c. reducing your vehicle's speed. d. bringing your vehicle under control.
	8.	You are driving in traffic. The engine of your automatic transmission vehicle stalls. You should a. shift to a lower gear and restart. b. leave the selector in drive and restart. c. shift to park and restart. d. shift to NEUTRAL.
2 A Cart	9.	If a collision is about to occur, a. brace yourself against the steering wheel. b. push the brake pedal to the floor. c. place your hands over your face. d. keep control of your vehicle.
	10.	The grade of a road refers to a. the quality of the pavement. b. its slope. c. its elevation above sea level. d. the number of roadside hazards.
	11.	Smoke is coming from your vehicle's engine compartment. You have stopped in a safe place. You should then a. get some water. b. disconnect the battery to prevent an explosion. c. turn off the ignition. d. open the hood.
	12.	As you press on the brake pedal, it goes all the way to the floor. What should you do first? a. Turn off the ignition. b. Shift to a lower gear. c. Apply the parking brake. d. Pump the brake pedal three or four times.
	13.	Which of these types of insurance does not cover medical bills? a. bodily-injury liability insurance b. uninsured motorist insurance c. comprehensive insurance d. medical-payment insurance
	14.	If a tire blows out, which action should you avoid? a. pulling off onto the shoulder slowly b. braking hard c. easing up on the accelerator d. turning on the emergency flashers

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	15.	To avoid a side-impact collision,
		a. steer to the right.
		b. steer to the left.
		c. lock your brakes.
		d. brake or accelerate quickly.
	16.	If you change to a compact spare tire,
		a. you may treat it the same way as any other tire.
		b. you should drive on it for no more than two weeks.
		c. you should drive on it only as necessary under the manufacturer's conditions for use.
		d. you will need to adjust your steering, as the car will tilt toward that corner.
	17.	Which kind of insurance do you probably not need if you belong to an automobile club?
		a. property-damage liability insurance
		b. collision insurance
		c. towing insurance
		d. uninsured motorist insurance
	18.	When total steering failure occurs, you first should
		a. brake immediately.
		b. shift to a lower gear.
		c. apply the parking brake.
		d. communicate your emergency to others using your horn and emergency flashers.
	19.	An obstruction is just ahead on the shoulder. Your front wheel leaves the roadway at high speed. What should you do?
		a. Stop the vehicle immediately, turn the hazard flashers on, and wait in your car for help.
		b. Swerve away from the road drop off.
		c. Focus your attention to the target area the instant the front-right tire touches the roadway.
		d. Straighten the wheels and try to straddle the road drop off.
	20.	Your brakes fail. You pump the brake three or four times. The brakes still do not hold. What should you do next?
		a. Turn off the ignition.
		b. Pump the brakes more rapidly.
		c. Downshift to the lowest gear.
		d. Scan for a safe place to slow down.
	21.	The hood of your vehicle flies open while you are driving. The best thing to do is
		a. apply the brakes firmly, stopping as soon as possible.
		b. pump the brake pedal, stop in your lane, and put on emergency flashers.
		c. move the vehicle off the roadway to the right.
		d. check your rear zone to see if it's safe to stop quickly.
	22.	Going downhill, you brake and the pedal goes all the way to the floor. You should immediately
		a. apply the parking brake.
		b. honk the horn.
		c. check your safety belt for tightness.
		d. pump the brake pedal fast and hard.

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	23.	If you must leave the roadway at high speeds, you should a. apply the brakes as hard as possible. b. drop to the floor. c. steer for something "soft." d. head toward oncoming moving objects.
	24.	 What happens if the power-steering system fails? a. The steering wheel will be easier to turn. b. The steering wheel will be neither harder nor easier to turn. c. The steering wheel will feel looser. d. The steering wheel will be harder to turn.
1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25.	Comprehensive insurance is a. required in all states. b. required in most states. c. important for older, heavily used vehicles. d. important for new or expensive vehicles.
,	26.	 While you are driving, your engine stops suddenly. What should you do first? a. Brake the vehicle to a stop. b. Shift to NEUTRAL. c. Shift to a low gear. d. Shift to PARK.
1	27.	What is the cause of most passenger-compartment fires? a. carburetor backfire b. sparks generated by the ignition switch c. faulty electrical wiring d. careless use of matches, lighters, or tobacco products
	28.	Generally speaking, male drivers a. pay higher insurance premiums than female drivers. b. pay lower insurance premiums than female drivers. c. pay the same insurance premiums as female drivers. d. have fewer collisions than female drivers.
	29.	If your headlights fail at night, a. stop immediately. b. proceed to the nearest service station as quickly as possible. c. turn on your right turn signal so you can see as you move to the right shoulder. d. rummage through your glove compartment for a flashlight.
	30.	Power-steering failure occurs when a. the engine dies. b. the power-steering fluid level is low. c. the drive belt breaks. d. all of the above

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31.	An oncoming vehicle crosses the center line and drives into your lane. You should a. maintain control and slow. b. drive into the other lane if it is empty. c. speed up and drive onto the shoulder. d. stop as quickly as possible.	
32.	 What should you do first if you enter a curve too fast? a. Avoid all potholes in the roadway. b. Brake gently as soon as you realize the curve is sharper than you thought. c. Accelerate moderately into the curve. d. Steer hard toward the curve. 	
33.	When brakes overheat and lose their effectiveness, the condition is called a. brake fade. b. brake loss. c. brake warp. d. hot brakes.	
34.	If you do not know how to change a tire when needed, you can find instructions a. on your driver's side visor. b. at the nearest golf club. c. under the floor mat. d. in the owner's manual.	
35.	The first action to take when making an off-road recovery is to a. hold the steering wheel firmly. b. steer back sharply. c. slow to 5 or 10 mph. d. signal your intentions.	
36.	What should you carry in your vehicle in the event of a fuel, oil, grease, electrical, or ordinary confire? a. an A-B-type fire extinguisher b. an A-B-C-type fire extinguisher c. a box of salt d. an A-type fire extinguisher	nbustible
37.	When threatened with a head-on collision, you should a. quickly lock the brakes. b. apply the parking brake. c. slow down as much as possible. d. accelerate.	
38.	If you see deep water on the roadway, you should a. stop and exit the car immediately. b. turn around or take another route. c. set the selector lever into NEUTRAL. d. accelerate gently while looking to your target area.	

	39.	You are about to be struck from behind while stopped at a stop sign. You should a. release the brakes just before the collision. b. put on the parking brake. c. shift to REVERSE and turn off the engine. d. brake hard to avoid the collision.
	40.	In case of a blowout, which procedure is incorrect? a. Brake gently after the vehicle is under control. b. Slow down and pull off onto the shoulder. c. Brake immediately to avoid tire damage. d. Grip the steering wheel firmly.
<u> </u>	41.	 Your vehicle stalls on railroad tracks and cannot be restarted immediately. What should you do next? a. Turn on the emergency flasher. b. Set the parking brake. c. Get any passengers out of the vehicle, and away from the tracks if there is a train coming. d. Shift to NEUTRAL and push the vehicle off the tracks.
	42.	Bodily-injury liability insurance a. is not required in most states. b. is needed by all vehicle owners. c. is important only for owners of new and expensive vehicles. d. never covers any legal fees.
	43.	The cost of insurance for your car is affected by all of the following except a. type of vehicle. b. address. c. your grades in school. d. age.
1	44.	Your vehicle's engine compartment catches on fire while you are driving. What should you do first? a. Estimate the seriousness of the fire. b. Open the hood and check the extent of the fire. c. Quickly steer out of traffic to a safe, open area. d. Get a blanket to smother the fire.
· · ·	45.	If your engine dies, causing a loss of power steering, what is the result? a. You need to exert more effort to steer. b. You cannot steer until the steering system is repaired. c. You cannot steer. d. You need less effort to steer.
	46.	If you experience brake fade, a. pump the brakes. b. apply the parking brake. c. shift to a lower gear. d. stop and let the brakes cool.

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